that clearance has been obtained from the State Historic Preservation Officer;

- (5) Comments on any changes in services to be offered, the community to be served, or any other effect the proposal may have on the applicant's compliance with the Community Reinvestment Act; and
- (6) The name and address of and the date of publication in the newspaper in which notice required by §303.6(f)(1) is published.

In cases in which additional information is necessary for evaluation of the application, the applicant may be required to furnish specific information on an individual basis. Procedures regarding applications to establish or acquire a branch pursuant to section 38 of the Act, 12 U.S.C. 18310, are set forth at \$303.5(e) of this part.

- (b) The appropriate regional director may delay processing, including extending the comment period, for good cause.
- (c) Special procedures for remote service facilities. (1) For purposes of this section, establishing means owning or leasing a remote service facility either individually or jointly.
- (2) An insured state nonmember bank or an insured state-licensed branch of a foreign bank whose most recent Community Reinvestment Act rating is Satisfactory or better and who desires to establish and operate or relocate a remote service facility (RSF) shall file a letter with the appropriate regional director. The letter shall contain the exact location of the proposed or relocated RSF, including street address (unless one has not been assigned to the location), and either a representation that the site of the proposed or relocated RSF is not included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or written verification that in the opinion of the appropriate state historic preservation officer the establishment or relocation of the RSF will have no adverse effect on a historic site. Unless the institution is notified otherwise by the FDIC within seven days of receipt of the letter, the institution may establish and operate or relocate the RSF. In the event that the institution cannot represent in good faith that the site of the proposed or relocated RSF is not in-

cluded in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or evidence that written verification has been obtained from the appropriate state historic preservation officer, the institution shall proceed pursuant to paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

(3) An insured state nonmember bank or an insured state-licensed branch of a foreign bank whose most recent Community Reinvestment Act rating is not Satisfactory or better and who desires to establish and operate or relocate an RSF shall file the letter described in paragraph (c)(2) of this section and comply with the notice provisions of §303.6(f). Unless the institution is notified otherwise by the FDIC within 15 days after completion of processing of the letter, the institution may establish and operate or relocate the RSF; provided however, that in the event that a protest is filed with the FDIC or other objection is taken prior to completion of processing the letter, the institution shall not establish and operate or relocate the RSF until the FDIC provides written notice of its approval.

[54 FR 53556, Dec. 29, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 8216, Feb. 12, 1993; 59 FR 4250, Jan. 31, 1994; 59 FR 43282, Aug. 23, 1994]

## § 303.3 Application for conversion, merger, consolidation, assumption and sale of asset transactions.

(a) Merger, consolidation, asset acquisition or assumption transaction between insured depository institutions. Application by an insured depository institution for the consent of the Corporation to merge or consolidate with, acquire the assets of, or assume the liability to pay any deposits made in, another insured depository institution—when the resulting or assuming depository institution is to be an insured state nonmember bank (except a District bank or a savings bank supervised by the Director of the Office of Thrift Supervision), together with copies of all agreements or proposed agreements relating thereto, including the charter or articles of incorporation of the resulting or assuming depository institution, should be filed with the appropriate regional director. Procedures regarding applications to acquire an interest in

any company or insured depository institution pursuant to section 38 of the Act, 12 U.S.C. 1831o, are set forth at §303.5(e) of this part.

- (b) Merger of Insured depository institution with noninsured bank or institution. Application by an insured depository institution for the consent of the Corporation to merge or consolidate with a noninsured bank or institution, or to convert into a noninsured institution, or to assume liability to pay any deposits made in, or similar liabilities of, any noninsured bank or institution, or to transfer assets to any noninsured bank or institution in consideration of the assumption of liability for any portion of the deposits made in such insured depository institution, together with copies of all agreements or proposed agreements relating thereto, should be filed with the appropriate regional director.
- (c) Conversion with diminution of capital or surplus. Application for the consent of the Corporation to convert into an insured state nonmember bank (except a District bank), when the conversion will result in the converted bank's having less capital stock or surplus than the converted bank at the time of the shareholders' meeting approving such conversion, together with copies of the charter and/or articles of association of the converted bank, should be filed with the appropriate regional director.
- (d) Applications for approval of transactions under section 5(d)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1815(d)(3)). Application by an insured state nonmember bank for consent of the Corporation to enter into a transaction under section 5(d)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act shall be made by submitting a letter accompanying the merger application certifying:
- (1) That the application for approval is for a transaction under section 5(d)(3), and
- (2) That the transaction will not result in the transfer of any insured depository institution's Federal deposit insurance from one federal deposit insurance fund to the other federal deposit insurance fund.
- (e) The appropriate application forms and instructions, as well as instruc-

tions concerning notice to depositors, may be obtained upon request from the office of said regional director.

[54 FR 53556, Dec. 29, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 5815, Feb. 18, 1992; 58 FR 8216, Feb. 12, 1993]

## § 303.4 Change in bank control.

- (a) Acquisition of control.<sup>3</sup> Under the Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, acquisitions by a person4 or persons acting in concert with the power to vote 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities of an insured depository institution, unless exempted, require prior notice to the Corporation. In addition, a purchase, assignment, transfer, pledge, or other disposition of voting stock through which any person will acquire ownership, control, or the power to vote ten percent or more of a class of voting securities of an insured depository institution will be presumed to be an acquisition by such person of the power to direct that institution's management or policies if:
- (1) The institution has issued any class of securities subject to the registration requirements of section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1944 (15 U.S.C. 781); or
- (2) Immediately after the transaction, no other person will own a greater proportion of that class of voting securities.

Other transactions resulting in a person's control of less than 25 percent of a class of voting shares of an insured depository institution would not result in control for purposes of the Act. An acquiring person may request an opportunity to contest any presumption established by this paragraph (a) of this section with respect to a proposed transaction. The Corporation will afford the person an opportunity to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Control is defined in section 7(j)(8)(B) of the Act as "the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of an insured bank or to vote over 25 percent or more of any class of voting securities of an insured bank." 12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(8)(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Person is defined in section 7(j)(8)(A) of the Act as "an individual or a corporation, partnership, trust, association, joint venture, pool, syndicate, sole proprietorship, unincorporated organization, or any other form of entity not specifically listed herein." 12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(8)(A).